VIADRUS

VIADRUS HERCULES U 24 MANUAL FOR BOILER OPERATION AND INSTALLATION



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Dear customer,

we thank you that you have bought VIADRUS HERCULES U 24 universal boiler, thus having shown your confidence in VIADRUS a.s.

For you to get used to a correct way of handling your new product from the beginning please read at first this manual for its usage (first of all the chapter no. 3.1 – Boiler operation by user and chapter no. 3.3 – IMPORTANT NOTICE). Please follow the stated information whereby a longlife and trouble-free boiler operation will be guaranteed for both your and our satisfaction.

1. Technical information

VIADRUS HERCULES U 24 is cast-iron low-pressure boiler designed for combustion of solid fuels – light coal, hard coal and coke. As a complement fuel it is possible to use wood. Combustion of other materials, like plastics is impermissible.

1.1 Usage

Three-sectional size of **VIADRUS HERCULES U 24** boiler is suitable for heat sources reconstruction in independent tenements, for smaller residential premises and leisure amenities. Bigger sizes of boiler (4 - 10 sections) meet the demands on heating of family houses, shops, schools, etc.

The boiler is manufactured as a hot-water boiler with both natural and forced heating water circulation and working overpressure up to 400 kPa (4 bar). Before dispatch the boiler is tested for tightness by applying 800 kPa (8 bar) testing overpressure.

The boiler is designed for heating both closed and open heating systems.

1.2 Boiler advantages

- 1. Long lifetime of the cast-iron heat exchange and all other parts with regard to the quality of used materials.
- 2. Long-term verified construction.
- 3. Sophisticated manufacturing technology on the automatic forming lines with a constant and verified quality of the manufacturing process (ISO 9001, ISO 14 001).
- 4. Combustion efficiency 80 %.
- 5. Easy operation and maintenance.
- 6. Output graduation according to the sections number.

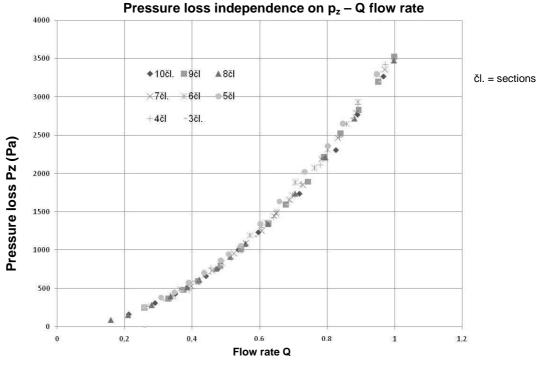


Fig. no. 1 Hydraulic loss of boiler drum

1.3 Boiler technical data

Tab. no. 1 Dimensions, technical data

Number of sections	рс	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Boiler class according to EN 303 - 5	-				3	3			
Combustion chamber volume		23,6	37,6	51,6	65,6	79,6	93,6	107,6	121,6
Water space volume		39,5	49,3	59,1	68,9	78,7	88,5	98	107,8
Weight	kg	262	312	362	412	462	512	562	612
Combustion chamber depth	mm	220	330	440	550	660	770	880	990
Diameter of smoke socket	mm			156				176	
Boiler dimensions: height x width	mm				1161	x 665			
depth L	mm	714	825	936	1047	1158	1269	1380	1491
Filling opening dimensions	mm				245x	195			
Maximum working water overpressure	kPa				4(00			
	(bar)					4)			
Minimum working water overpressure	kPa					0			
	(bar)	(0,5)							
Testing water overpressure	kPa					00			
	(bar)					3)			
Boiler hydraulic loss	-				See Fig				
Minimum output water temperature	S				6	0			
Control range of water temperature	S				60 -	- 85			
Noise level	dB		D	oes not	exceed t	he level	65 dB (A)	
Boiler connections – heating water	"				6,	/4			
- return water	"	6/4							
Cooling water temperature for	°C	5 20							
equipment for surplus heat withdaral	0	5 – 20							
Cooling water overpressure for	kPa	200 – 600							
equipment for surplus heat withdaral	(bar)				(2-	-6)			

Tab. no. 2 Technical data - hard coal as fuel

granularity 20 - 40 mm, fuel moisture max. 15 % calorific value of fuel: 14 - 20 MJ.kg⁻¹

Number of sections	рс	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Nominal heat output	kW	13	19	25	31	37	43	49	55
Fuel consumption at nominal heat output	kg.h⁻¹	2,60	3,80	5,00	6,20	7,40	8,60	9,80	11,00
Minimum heat output	kW	3,9	5,7	7,5	9,3	11,1	12,9	14,7	16,5
Fuel consumption at minimum heat output	kg.h⁻¹	0,79	1,15	1,51	1,87	2,23	2,60	2,96	3,32
Fuel efficiency	MJ.kg ⁻¹	19,81							
Burning time at nominal output	hour	4							
Flue gases temperature at nominal heat output	°C	220 – 250							
Flue gases temperature at minimum heat output	°C	110 – 120							
Flue gases mass flow rate at nominal output	g.s⁻¹	10,65	15,57	20,49	25,41	30,33	35,24	40,16	45,08
Flue gases mass flow rate at minimum heat output	g.s⁻¹	4,92	7,19	9,46	11,73	14,00	16,27	18,54	20,81
Efficiency	%	78							
Required chimney draught	mbar	0,13	0,14	0,15	0,20	0,22	0,28	0,30	0,32

Tab. no. 3Technical parameters – hard coal as fuel
granularity 20 – 40 mm, fuel moisture max. 15 %
Calorific value of fuel: 26 - 29 MJ.kg⁻¹

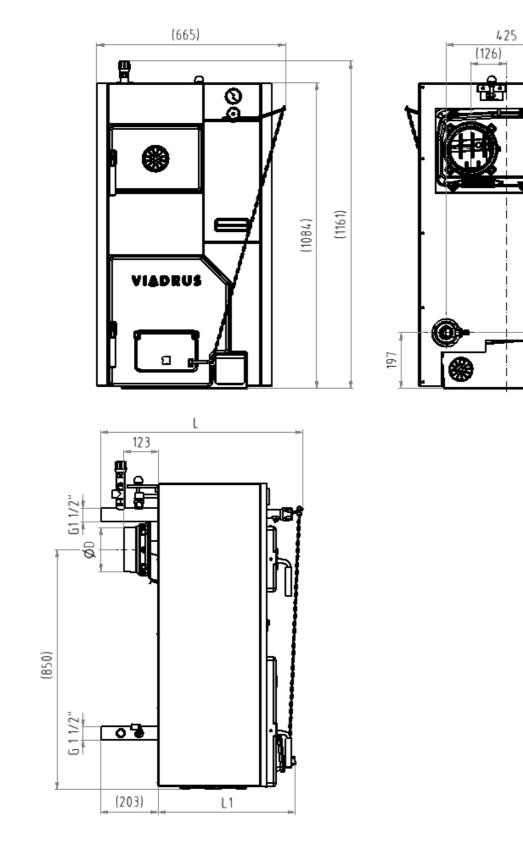
Number of sections	рс	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Nominal heat output	kW	16	25	32	42	46	53	60	67
Fuel consumption at the nominal heat output	kg.h⁻¹	2,71	3,76	4,82	5,87	6,92	7,98	9,03	10,08
Minimum heat output	kW	5,4	7,5	9,6	11,7	13,8	15,9	18	20,1
Fuel consumption at minimum heat output	kg.h⁻¹	0,79	1,10	1,41	1,72	2,03	2,34	2,65	2,95
Fuel efficiency	MJ.kg ⁻¹				28	,31			
Burning time at nominal heat output	hour	4							
Flue gases temperature at nominal heat output	°C	250 – 270							
Flue gases temperature at minimum heat output	°C				130 -	- 200			
Flue gases mass flow rate at nominal heat output	g.s ⁻¹	14,11	19,6	25,08	30,57	36,06	41,54	47,03	52,52
Flue gases mass flow rate at minimum heat output	g.s⁻¹	4,56	6,33	8,10	9,87	11,64	13,41	15,18	16,96
Efficiency	%	79							
Required chimney draught	mbar	0,15	0,16	0,17	0,20	0,24	0,28	0,32	0,35

Tab. no. 4 Technical parameters – coke as fuel

granularity 20 - 40 mm, fuel moisture max. 15 % caloric value of fuel: 26 - 30 MJ.kg⁻¹

Number of sections	рс	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Nominal heat output	kW	17	25	37	46	52	58	66	74
Fuel consumption at the nominal output	kg.h⁻¹	2,27	3,55	5,39	6,52	7,38	8,23	9,36	10,50
Minimum heat output	kW	4,8	7,5	11,4	13,8	15,6	17,4	19,8	22,2
Fuel consumption at minimum heat output	kg.h ⁻¹	0,68	1,06	1,62	1,96	2,21	2,47	2,81	3,15
Fuel efficiency	MJ.kg ⁻¹	27,8							
Burning time at the nominal output	hour	4							
Flue gases temperature at nominal heat output	°C	200 – 280							
Flue gases temperature at minimum heat output	°C	120 - 190							
Flue gases mass flow rate at nominal heat output	g.s⁻¹	12,78	19,97	30,35	36,74	41,53	46,32	52,71	59,10
Flue gases mass flow rate at minimum heat output	g.s⁻¹	6,19	9,66	14,69	17,78	20,10	22,42	25,51	28,61
Efficiency	%	80							
Required chimney draught	mbar	0,20	0,22	0,25	0,28	0,30	0,32	0,35	0,40

1.4 Basic boiler dimensions



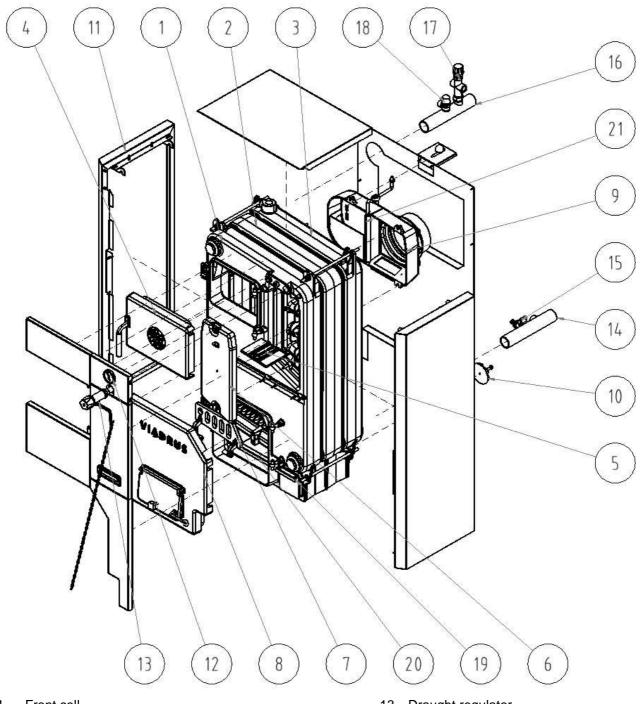
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		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
L	mm	714	825	936	1047	1158	1269	1380	1491
L1	mm	480	591	702	813	924	1035	1146	1257
D	mm			156				176	

Fig. no. 2 Basic boiler dimensions



- 1 Front cell
- 2 Center cell
- 3 Rear cell
- 4 Feeding gate (with the rosette of primary air)
- 5 Partition of combustion space
- 6 Cleaning cover
- 7 Dump grate
- 8 Ash gate (with the secondary air flap)
- 9 Smoke extension piece (tertiary air)
- 10 Air rosette
- 11 Boiler case (complete)
- 12 Thermo-manometer

- 13 Draught regulator
- 14 Pipe of input water
- 15 Filling and cock
- 16 Pipe of output water
- 17 Two-way safety cock
- 18 Safety valve
- 19 Small ash pan (tertiary air)
- 20 Ash pan
- 21 Partition of the smoke adapter



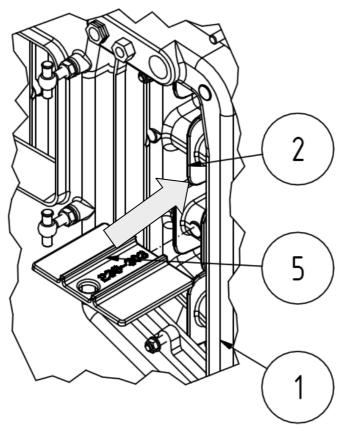


Fig. no. 3a) The location of partitions of the combustion chamber

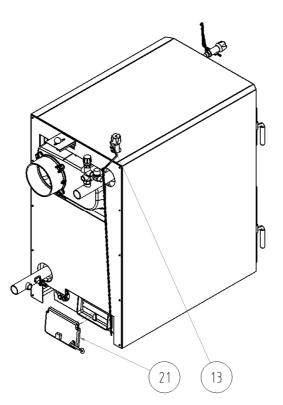


Fig. no. 4 Supplement of main boiler parts for sizes 8 – 10 cells

2. Assembly manual

2.1 Boiler construction

The main boiler part is the cast-iron sectional boiler drum made of the grey cast-iron according to EN 1561, quality 150.

The pressure parts meet the strenght demands according to EN 303- 5 Boilers for central heating – part 5: Solid fuel boilers for central heating with either manual or automatic supply and maximum nominal heat output 300 kW – terminology, requirements, testing and marking.

The boiler drum is assembled of sections by means of pressed boiler nipples with 56 mm diameter and secured by anchor bolts. The boiler sections create the feed space, combustion and ash space, water space and convectional space. The heating water input and output is situated at the rear boiler part.

There is placed the smoke adapter and heating water connection at the upper part of rear boiler section and the return water connection at the bottom part. The water connection is possible to connect by means of thread pipes. The stoking door, ash door and cleaning cover are connected to the front boiler section. Under the ash pan door there is installed the tilting grate.

There are placed the combustion space barriers behind the clearing cover. The partitions are inserted into the third flue from above of the boiler drum (see Fig. no. 3a). Their quantity differs for each size of boiler (see Tab. no. 5).

The whole boiler drum is insulated by the health harmless mineral insulation, which reduces the losses caused by heat transmission into the environment. The boiler sell is coloured by a good quality comaxit spray.

Size of boiler	3 sec.	4 sec.	5 sec.	6 sec.	7 sec.	8 sec.	9 sec.	10 sec.
Single channel barier of combustion space (pc)	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	1
Double channel barier of combustion chamber (pc)	-	1	1	1	1	2	2	2

Tab. no. 5 Quantity of combustion space barriers

2.2 Rules and directives

The solid fuel boiler can be installed by the company holding a valid certification for its installation and maintenance. There must be made lay-out according to the valid rules for the boiler installation. Before the boiler installation to the older heating system the installation company must make the flush (cleaning) of the whole heating system. The heating system must be filled with water meeting the requirements ČSN 07 7401, especially its hardness must not exceed the required parameters.

Recommended values							
hardness	mmol/l	1					
Ca ²⁺	mmol/l	0,3					
Concentration of whole Fe + Mn	mg/l	(0,3)*					

*) recommended value

WARNING!!! The use of anti-freeze mixture is not recommended by the manufacturer.

In case of two way safety vent reaction, when there is a possibility of boiler having been filled with the water, which does not meet the ČSN 077401 requirements it is necessary to change the water in the heating system so that it meets the ČSN 077401 requirements again.

a) to the heating system

ČSN 06 0310 ČSN 06 0830 ČSN 07 7401 EN 303-5	Heating systems in buildings – Designing and installation Heating systems in buildings – protecting device Water and steam for thermal energy equipments with working pressure up to 8 MPa Heating boilers – Part 5: Heating boilers for solid fuels, hand and automatically stocked, nominal heat output of up to 300 kW – Terminology, requirements, testing and marking
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b) to the chimney

ČSN 73 4201 Chimneys and flue gas ducting– designing, implementation and connection of fuel consumers.

c) regarding the fire regulations

ČSN 06 1008 Fire safety of heat installations.

EN 13501-1 + A1 Fire classification of construction products and building elements – Part 1: Classification using test data from reaction to fire tests.

d) to the system of HWS heating

ČSN 06 0320	Heating systems in buildings – Hot water preparation – Designing and planning
ČSN 06 0830	Heating systems in buildings – Safety devices.
ČSN 75 5409	Water installations inside buildings

2.3 Positioning possibilities

Boiler positioning in the living space (including corridors) is prohibited! The installation of the boiler must comply with all requirements of ČSN 06 1008.

Boiler positioning with regard to the fire regulations:

1. The boiler can be installed on a fire-proof floor (Fig. no. 5):

- Place the boiler on fire-proof base exceeding the boiler platform by 20 mm on sides and only up to the boiler drum depth.
- If the boiler is positioned in a cellar, we recommend to install it on a retaining wall minimum 50 mm hight.
- Install the boiler in the middle of the retaining wall.

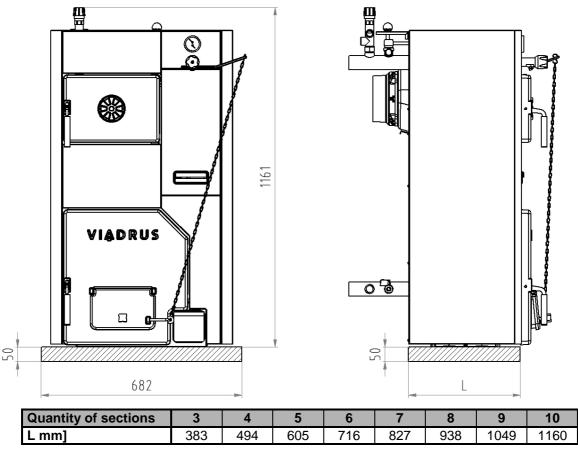


Fig. no. 5 Boiler base dimensions

- 2. A safe distance from the combustible materials:
 - when installing and operating the boiler it is necessary to keep a safety distance of 200 mm from the materials of combustibility grade A1, A2, B and C (D);
 - for easily combustible materials of combustibility grade E (F), which quickly burn and burn themselves even after removal of ignition source (such as paper, cardboard, asphalt and tar paper, wood and wood-fiber boards, plastics, floor coverings) the safe distance has to be doubled, i.e. to 400 mm;
 - safe distance should be doubled as bulb where the grade of reaction to fire has not been proved.

Tab. no. 6 Grade of reaction to fire

Grade of reaction to fire	Examples of building materials and products included in the reaction to fire (Extract from EN 13 501-1 + A1)
A1 – incombustible	Granite, sandstone, concrete, bricks, ceramic tiles, mortars, fireproof plasters,
A2 – combustible with difficulty	acumin, izumin, heraklit, lignos, boards and basalt felt, fibreglass boards,
B – hardly combustible	Beech and oak wood, hobrex boards, plywood, werzalit, umakart, sirkolit,
C (D) – medium combustible	Pinewood, larch, whitewood, chipboard and cork boards, rubber flooring,
E (F) – easily combustible	Asphaltboard, fibreboards, cellulose materials, polyurethane, polystyrene, polyethylene, PVC,

Boiler positioning with regard to the necessary handling space:

- Basic environment AA5/AB5 according to ČSN 33 2000-1 ed. 2.
- In front of the boiler there must be left a minimum handling area of 1000 mm.
- The minimum distance between the rear part of boiler and the wall 400 mm.
- At least from one side part keep the access area to the back boiler part of minimum 400 mm.

Fuel positioning:

- It is interdicted to store the fuel behind the boiler or next to the boiler within a distance smaller than 400 mm.
- It is interdicted to store the fuel between two boilers in the boiler-room.
- The producer recommends to keep the distance between the boiler and fuel min. 1000 mm or to store the fuel in a different room that where the boiler is installed.

The selection of the right boiler size

The selection of the right boiler size, it means the heating output, is very important condition for economic operation and the right boiler function. The boiler must be selected so that the heating output conforms to the heating loss of the object. The nominal output of the boiler is counted according to the valid rules for outside temperature -12 °C, -15 °C and -18 °C. The boiler selection with too high heating output (overrating) results in tarring and ratting of boiler. It is not useful to use the boiler with higher output than the heating loss of the boject.

Chimney draught

The chimney with the right chimney draught is the fundamental prerequisite for the right boiler function. It influences the boiler output as well as its efficiency. The boiler can be connected to the venting unit with the sufficient chimney draught, see. Chapter no. 1.3. and if the revision by the certified organization is made.

2.4 Delivery and accessories

Boiler is delivered according to the purchase order on the pallet, where the whole boiler drum is placed and on the sides it is attached the wrapped boiler shell. The accessories are put inside the boiler drum, accessible by opening the stoking door. The boiler is packed in a transport package and must not be tilted over during the transport

Standard boiler delivery:

- Boiler on the palette with due number of cells
- Cover including ash pans and small ash pan in corresponding size
- Thermo-manometer (1 pc)
- Input and output cock Js 1/2" (1 pc)
- Draught regulator complete for size 3 7 cells (1 pc), for size 8 10 cells (2 pcs)
- Blind plug Js 6/4" (1 pc)
- Sealing under plug (1 pc)
- Screw of stifling system (1 pc)
- Magnetic element (1 pc)
- Cover handle (1 pc)
- Plastic ball (1 pc)
- Connecting material for covers (see chapter 2.5)
- Connecting material for pull rod of the smoke socket (see chapter 2.5)
- Pipe of heating and recurrent water 6/4" (2 pcs)
- Cleaning tools (hook, brush with handle, tang, holder for cleaning tools)
- Handling spanner (1 pc)
- Box spanner with hex handle 902-13 (1 pc)
- Manufacturing plate (1 pc)
- Business and technical documentation

Necessary accessories: (is not included in delivery):

- Two way safety valve DBV 1 02 (1 pc) incl. siesal (10 g); this equipment has not to be used in case of open heating system
- Safety valve 1 pc

By request (is not included in delivery):

• Filter 3/4" - for delivery with the two way safety vent DBV 1 - 02

The necessary accessories and optional boiler accessories is not included in the boiler standard price.

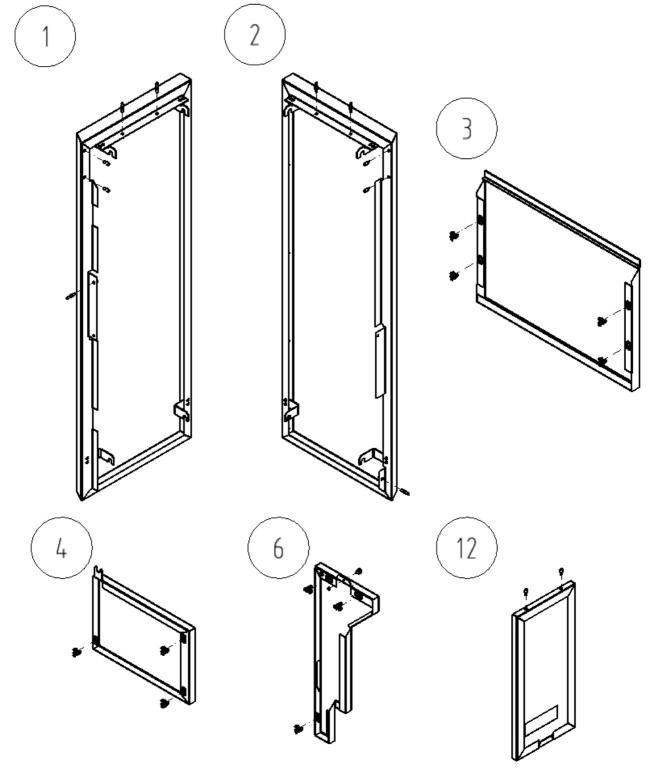
2.5 Assembly technique

Installation of the boiler body - two way safety valve DBV 1 -02

- 1. Fit the boiler drum on the retaining wall (substruction).
- 2. Mount to the boiler drum system outlet the connecting tube G 6/4", connect the second end with heating system.
- 3. Mount to the boiler drum system outlet the connecting tube G 6/4", and connect the second end with the heating system.
- 4. To connect two-way safety valve DBV 1 02 with connecting pipe of recurrent and heating water and with the input of cold water and with the output of excessive heat according to Fig. no.10.
- 5. Mount the discharging valve to 1/2" thread in connecting tube of heating water according to Fig. no. 3.
- 6. Set the smoke tube to the smoke adapter and insert it into the chimney. The diameter of smoke tube is 160 mm for sizes with 3 7 sections and pro sizes 8 10 sections it is 180 mm.
- Screw the draught regulator into the opening in upper part of front section. The boiler draught regulator adjustment procedure is described in the manual enclosed to the particular regulator. For version with 8 – 10 sections there are used two draft controllers. Draft controller has to be screwed according to Fig. no. 3 and 4).
- 8. Blind the threated opening JS 6/4" in the front section with JS 6/4" plug. Place the sealing under the plug.

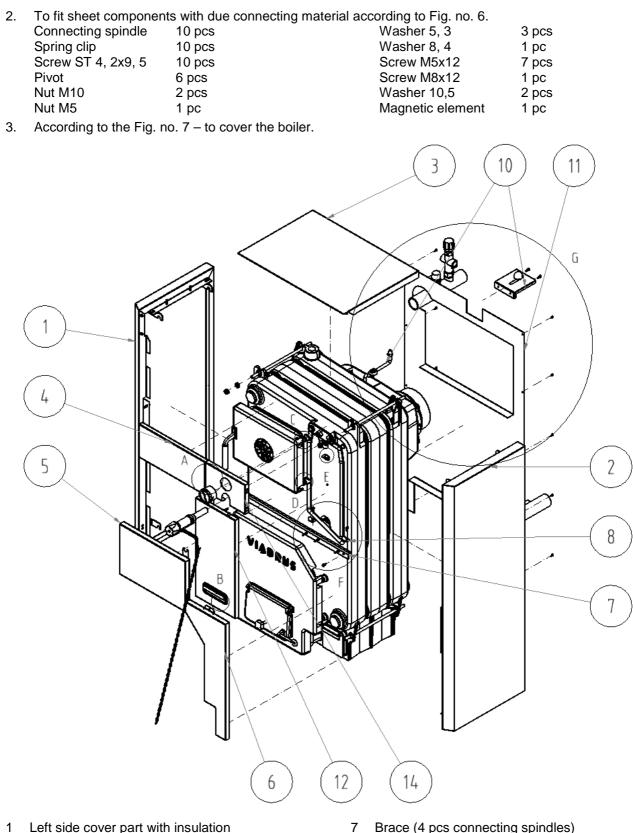
Mounting of covers

To take out the covers from the cardboard wrapping. 1.



- Left side cover part with insulation (3 pcs of connecting spindles, 2 pcs of pivots) Right side cover part with insulation 1 2
- (3 pcs of connecting spindles, 2 pcs of pivots) 3
- Upper cover part (4 pcs of spring clips)
- Left front upper cover part 4
- Right front lower part (3 pcs of spring clips, magnetic element, Nut M5) 6
- 12 Right front upper cover part

Fig. no. 6 Location of connecting material in the boiler cover



- (3 pcs of connecting spindles, 2 pcs of pivots) Right side cover part with insulation 2
- (3 pcs of connecting spindles, 2 pcs of pivots)
- 3 Upper cover part (4 pcs spring clips)
- 4 Left front upper cover part
- Left front cover part (3 pcs spring clips) 5
- Right front lower part (3 pcs spring clips) 6

- Brace (4 pcs connecting spindles) 7
- 8 The brace console
- Console of the cleaning covering 9
- 10 Pull rod of the smoke socket (complete)
- 11 Rear cover part
- 12 Right front cover part (2pcs pivots)
- 13 Magnetic element
- 14 Right front upper cover part

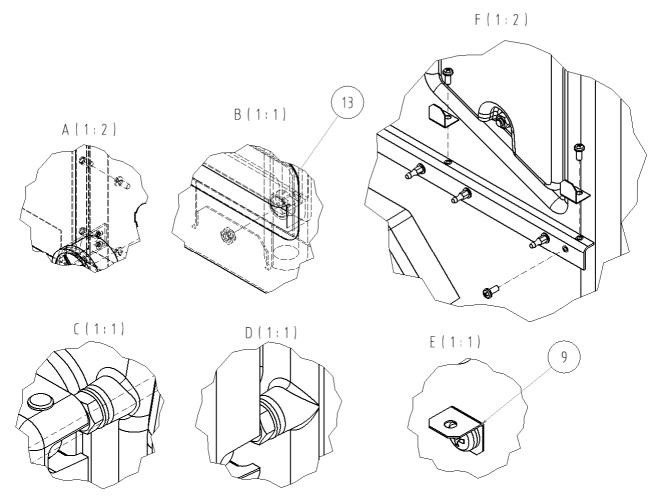


Fig. no. 7 The boiler sheathing

- 4. To equip the side part with connecting spindles and pivots.
- 5. To mount on the anchor bolts the side covers parts. To screw with use of nut M10 (2 pcs) and washer 10, 5 (2 pcs) in the upper part the console of the side cover part on the anchor bolts.
- 6. To mount on the brace the consoles of brace with use of screws M5x12 (detail F). To screw the brace to the side cover parts with use of 1 pc of the connecting spindle (on the left) an 1 pc of the screw M 5x12 (on the right). To screw into remaining openings 3 pcs of connecting spindles with washers 5,3.
- 7. To mount the console of cleaning covering with use of screw M 8x12 and washer 8,4 (detail E).
- 8. To screw up the right front upper part and the left front upper part with use of 2 pcs of screws M 5x12 (detail A). To locate into the front upper cover part the thermo manometer. To screw up the manometer capillary into the check- valve and to locate the thermometer capillary into the pit and to secure it with the capillary spring.

The parts prepared in such way ought to be located on the pivots of the side cover parts and the lower part ought to be secure with nut M10 which is located on the screw of the upper stocking door lug (detail C).

- 9. To equip the left front cover part with 3 pcs of spring clips. To shift the cover part under the nut M 10 which is located on the screw of the upper stocking door lug (detail D) and to fit it on the connecting spindles of the side cover part.
- 10. To equip the right front lower cover part with 3 pcs of the spring clips and to fit them on the spindles located on brace and on the side cover part.
- 11. Into the right front cover part :
 - To insert magnetic element and to secure it using the nut M4 (detail B).
 - To insert handle
 - To screw up 2 pcs of pivots

To fit the cover part completed in such way with pivots into openings in the upper right cover part and to clip them up.

- 12. The mounting of the pull rod of the smoke control according to the Fig. no. 8. Need of single parts:
 - 2 pcs keeper pins
 - 2 pcs washers 10,5
 - 1 pc nut M 10

To insert the keeper pin and to fit the washer 10,5 into the partition of the smoke extension piece. To mount the pull rod on the partition of the smoke extension piece and to secure it with the washer 10,5 and the keeper pin - To screw up the nut M 10 on the pull rod.

- 13. To equip the upper cover part with 4 pcs of spring clips and to fit them on the side cover part.
- 14. To screw up the rear cover part with use of 10 pcs screws ST 4, 2x9, 5.
- 15. To screw up to the upper cover part the pull rod console with use of 2 pcs of screws M5x12. To locate the pull rod of the smoke control into the oval opening into console and to secure with the plastic ball M10.
- 16. To fit on the draught regulator the pull rod with chain let (in accordance with attached Manual of draught regulator).
- 17. To locate ash pan and small ash pan according to the Fig. no. 3.

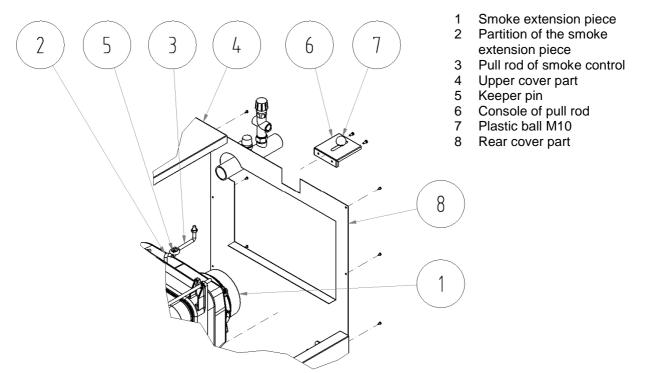


Fig. no. 8 Installation of the smoke control pull rod

Note: Before stoking it is necessary to open the partition in smoke adaptor by means of the draw bar of smoke control. Thus the flue gases are discharged through the shorting opening into the chimney.

Assembly tools for brush

Use the leather gloves and common assembly tools for mounting or dismounting of the brush and the spike point (if they are included in the delivery).

Filling the heating system with water:

The water hardness must correspond to ČSN 07 7401 and it is inevitable to treat the water according to Chap. no. 5.1. in case the water hardness is unsatisfactory.

The heating systems with an open expansion tank allow the direct contact between the heating water and the atmosphere. During the heating season the water expanding in the tank absorbs the oxygen, which increases its corrosive effects and at the same time the water evaporates heavily. Only the water treated to the values according to ČSN 07 7401 can be used for refilling.

The heating system must be thoroughly flushed out in order to wash out all impurities.

During the heating season it is necessary to keep a constant volume of heating water in heating system and be particular about bleeding the heating system to avoid the air suction into the system. Water from the boilers and heating system must never be discharged or taken for usage except in cases of emergency like the repairs etc. Water discharge and filling with new water increases the danger of corrosion and scale development. In case we have to refill the heating system with water we only do this operation when the boiler is cold in order to prevent its sections from getting broken.

After boiler and heating system refilling operation the all joints must be tested for tightness.

When using the two way safety vent DBV 1 - 02 the cooling water is added gradually to the to the reverse water.

The assembly and stoking test completion must be recorded in the "Guarantee certificate".

2.6 Boiler commissioning

This boiler can only be commissioned by a professional assembly firm authorized to do this activity.

2.6.1 Verification activities before commissioning

Before the boiler put into operation it is necessary to check:

- a) filling the heating system with water (thermomanometer check) and the system tightness;
- b) connection to the chimney this connection can only be done with the agreement of a chimney firm (chimney revision);
- c) closing of smoke adapter partition (impurities associated with the installation of the boiler chimney system);
- d) draught regulator and thermostatic valve functionality.

2.6.2 Boiler commissioning

- 1. Fire a boiler
- 2. Bring the boiler to the necessary operating temperature. The recommended output water temperature is 80 C.
- 3. Adjust the draught regulator including the chain length (according to the enclosed draught regulator manual).
- 4. Check the functionality of two-way safety valve DBV 1 02.
- 5. Operate the boiler in the operating condition according to the relevant standards.
- 6. Check again the boiler tightness.
- 7. Acquaint the user with the operation and maintenance.
- 8. Make a record in the Guarantee certificate.

2.7 Control and safety elements

Rosette of stoking door is used for primary air supply into the combustion chamber.

Stifling system in ash door regulates the supply of secondary combustion air under the grate of boiler.

It is controlled with the draught regulator or manually setting screw of the stifling system. The second draught regulator (for size 8 - 10 cells) regulates the rear stifling system. The regulator is adjusted on the same temperature as the regulator in the front boiler part.

The rose in the rear boiler part is used for the tertiary air inlet, which has to be slightly opened according to the size of the boiler at 0 - 5 mm (at 3 and 4 boiler sections the air rosette is set on the rear boiler section to 0 - 1 mm and at 5 -10 boiler sections it is gradually increased as needed). In the front part of the boiler there is a small ashtray for the supply of tertiary air supply. On the small ash pan there are stops for the gaps between cell and ash pan assuring because of the air inlet. It is also possible, in case of necessity, to enlarge this gap.

The combination appliance – thermo-manometer – is used for the heating water temperature and the water stress in the heating system detection. The pit of the thermo-manometer sensor is located in the upper part of the front boiler cell.

2.8 Equipment for surplus heat withdrawal

The two way safety vent DBV 1 - 02 serves for surplus heat removal in case the water temperature in boiler exceeds 95 °C.

In case the system is equipped with a two way safety vent and the boiler becomes overheated (the output temperature exceeds 95 °C) the two way safety vent creates a cold water circuit which is kept until the temperature drops below the limit temperature. At this moment there are simultaneously closed the discharge cooling equipment and the cold water inlet of refilling the system.

The two way safety vent DBV 1 – 02 technical data (from the firm Regulus)

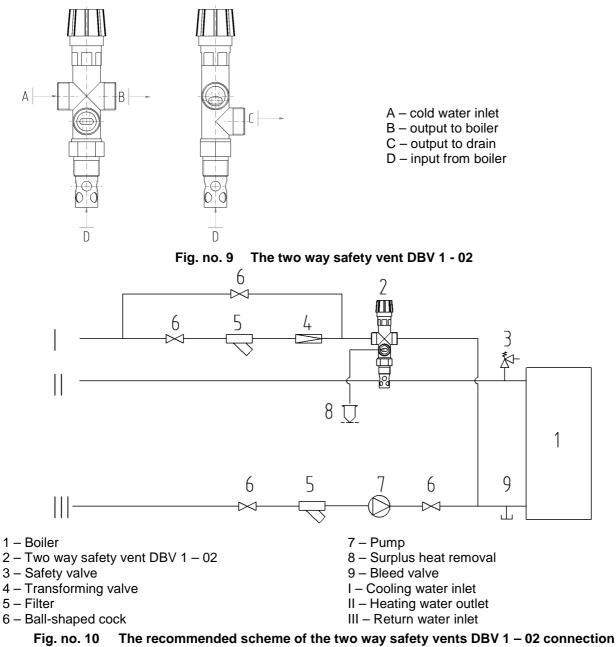
Opening temperature (limit):	100 °C (+0° - 5 °C)
Maximum temperature:	120 °C
Maximum stress on boiler side	400 kPa (4 bar)
Maximum stress on water side	600 kPa (6 bar)
Nominal flow at $\triangle p$ 100 kPa (1 bar):	1,9 m ³ /h `́

Usage

The two way safety vent DBV 1 - 02 is used as a protection of heating boilers against overheating. In the valve body there is the bleed and supply valve controlled by thermostatic element. When the limit temperature is reached, the bleed and supply valve is simultaneously opened meaning that the cold water is running in and the hot water is running out. When the temperature drops below limit, the bleed and supply valve is simultaneously closed.

Caution! It is not a compensation for safety valve.

In case of two way safety vent reaction, when there is a possibility of boiler having been filled with the water, which does not meet the ČSN 077401 requirements it is necessary to change the water in the heating system so that it meets the ČSN 077401 requirements again.



It is necessary to install a safety valve for maximum overpressure of 400 kPa (4 bar) on the system and its dimension must correspond to the rated boiler output. The safety valve must be located directly behind the boiler. Any stop valve must not be located between the safety valve and boiler. If you have any questions, please contact our contractual assembly firm and service organizations.

Installation

Installation can be only carried out by a qualified person. For the correct operation of the thermostatic, two ways safety vent it is necessary to comply with the conditions for its installation and keep the flow directions marking on its body. The safety vent is always mounted in the output pipe of boiler or directly on the upper part of boiler, where the hot water leaves boiler and is transported into heating system. When installing the

vent it is necessary to check, if the 3/4" socket usage, which can be both in pipeline and on boiler, ensures complete immersion of the thermostatic vent element after the vent installation. After the vent has been installed in socket, connect the down pipe, in which the hot water from boiler will flow to drain, to "C"(see. fig. no. 9). The cooling water inlet, which will cool the boiler after setting the vent in operation, is connected (see fig. No. 10) to "A" (see fig. no. 9). The filter for mechanical impurities must be installed in the cooling water inlet. It is necessary to connect the pipeline to "B" (see. fig. no. 9) and the pipeline is to be led into reverse flow pipe of heating system near the boiler (see fig. no. 10).

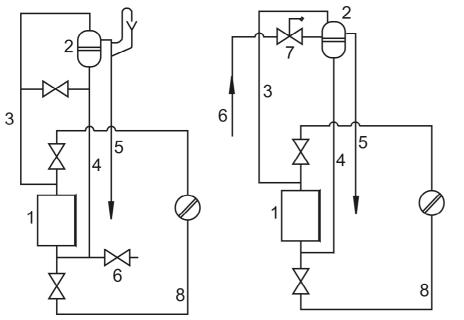
Regular maintenance

Once a year it is necessary to turn the safety vent's head to remove possible impurities formed in the vent. Clean the cooling water inlet filter.

In case of using an open expansion tank it is not necessary to use a pressure protecting device against overheating.

Every heat source in an open heat system must be connected with an open expansion tank positioned at the highest point of the heat system. The expansion tanks must be rated in the way that they can contain the changes in water volume resulting from heating and cooling.

The open expansion tanks must be equipped with non-closable bleeder and an overflow pipes. The overflow pipe must be designed in the way that it safely drains off the maximum flow volume entering the system. This can be achieved by rating the overflow pipes by one DN higher than that of the filling piping. The expansion tanks and their connecting pipes must be designed and positioned in the way that freezing is reliably inhibited.



- 1 Heat source
- 2 Expansion tank
- 3 Safety piping
- 4 Expansion piping
- 5 Overflow piping
- 6 Filling piping
- 7 Water level limiter
- 8 Reverse piping

Fig. no. 11 The examples of open expansion tanks connection

2.9 Equipment for heat withdrawal – accumulation tank

In case that the required volume of heating system exceeds 300 l, we recommend to install the accumulation tank.

The calculation of the minimum volume of stack heat exchanger:

$$V_{sp} = 15T_b \times Q_N (1-0.3 \times (Q_H/Q_{min}))$$

where:

V_{sp}	accumulation tank volume in I	Q _H	thermal load of buildings in kW
Q _N	nominal heat output in kW	Q_{min}	the minimum heat output in kW
Tb	burning time in hours		

The dimensions of accumulation tanks for central heating boilers that are operated with individual prescribed fuels, must be set according to the output, which needs the biggest accumulation tank. This type of accumulation tank isn't necessary in case that the calculated volume doesn't exceed 300 l.

3. Manual for operation

3.1 Boiler operation by user

SOFT COAL

The most suitable fuel is sort coal with 20 - 40 mm granularity. Burning time at nominal output is 4 hours.

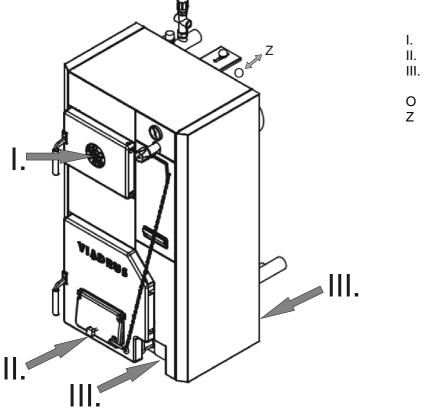
HARD COAL

The most suitable fuel is hard coal of 20 - 40 mm granularity. Burning time at nominal output is 4 hours.

COKE

The most suitable fuel is coke of 20 - 40 mm granularity Burning time at the nominal output is 4 hours.

ADDITIONAL FUEL – WOOD Using this fuel it is not reached the nominal output.



- primary air secondary air
- I. tertiary air
- O open
- Z closed

Fig. no. 12

Firing

- 1. Check the water volume in the heating system on thermomanometer.
- 2. Open the closing fittings between the boiler and the heating system.
- 3. Clean the grate and ash-pan.
- 4. Check the closed position of the smoke adapter partition (between bearing surface there might pieces of coal, ash, soot).
- 5. Insert the kindling and wood trough the ash door on the cleaned grate all over its depth.
- 6. Light the kindling through the ash door.
- 7. Close the ash door and open fully the choke. For 8 10 sectional version open the rear choke too.
- 8. Before stoking it is necessary to open the partition in smoke adaptor by means of the draw bar of smoke control. Thus the flue gases are discharged through the shorting opening into the chimney.
- 9. Put the basic fuel bed on the burning wood.

- 10. After its good burning add further fuel so as not to strew fuel into the shorting opening. For proper function of the boiler it is necessary that the partition of the smoke adapter closes tightly (see chap. 2.6.1 item c).
- 11. After closing the stoking door close the partition of smoke adapter by means of the draw bar of smoke control. Thus the shorting opening is closed.

Note: In course of making fire the boiler dewing can occur – it is not considered as a defect.

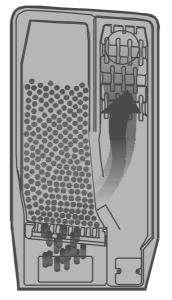


Fig. no. 13 Scheme of flue gas passage through the boiler

Operation

- 1. After having achieved the heating water temperature regulate the combustion air inlet. The boiler output is regulated by choke, which regulates the secondary air inlet under the grate either manually or by use of the draught regulator. Adjust the regulator so that the ash door choke is nearly closed at the moment of achieving the required heating water temperature.
- 2. According to the heat requirement and according to the burning intensity it is necessary to refill the boiler by fuel during the boiler operation (hot layer suitable for further fuel stoking is about 15 cm). Stoke in the way making sure that the fuel layer is equally high along the whole depth of the boiler.

ATTENTION! Prior opening of the stoking door it is necessary to open the smoke adapter partition with use of the smoke control pull rod.

- 3. When using hard coal and brown coal as fuel the rosette of stoking door for primary air supply must be ajar at 3-5 mm and when using wood as fuel it must be opened at maximum. When using coke as fuel to rosette must be fully closed.
- 4. The rosette in the rear part of the boiler must be ajar at 1 mm up to at 0 5 mm (at 3 and 4 boiler sections the air rosette is set on the rear boiler section to 0 1 mm and at 5 -10 boiler sections it is gradually increased as needed). Between the front section and a small ash pan there also must be a gap (guaranteed by the backstops at the ash pan) to ensure the supply of tertiary air (if necessary this gap can be enlarged).

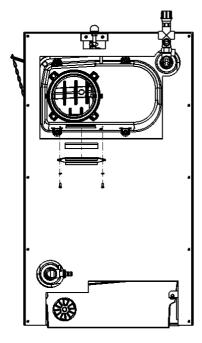
Important notice!

The dark smoke from the chimney signals not fully closed partition of the smoke adapter or a lack of tertiary air. A large volume of tertiary air results in cooling of flue gases and thereby reducing the efficiency of the boiler. Full closure of stoking door rosette in case of hard and brown coal can also cause dark smoke from the chimney and boiler tarring.

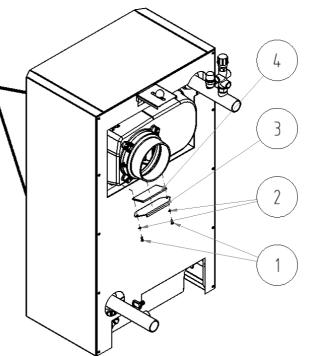
- 5. At the transition to the night top-fed stove damped operation the grate must be cleaned and freshly stoked fuel must flare. Close the choke of ash pan door. The rosette of stoking door is also kept ajar the draught controller in this case can be unhung (the choke completely closed).
- 6. The morning re-putting into operation make by opening the ash door choke, together with poking up the grate after the ash door opening.
- 7. The ash door must be closed during the boiler operation.
- 8. If necessary, clean the ash pan (the gloves needed).

3.2 Boiler cleaning - maintenance

- 1. Ash from ash pan and small ash pan has to be removed in the boiler operation even several times a day according to the type of used fuel, because full ash pan protects the correct division of the combustion air under fuel and evokes rough burning of fuel on grate. Al residues in the boiler furnace, mainly cinder have to be removed before each new burning start and in course of the morning boiler operation reinsertion. It is necessary to put away the ash into the fireproof containers with covering. During working period it is necessary to use safety helps and to care the personal safety.
- 2. In the course of the heating with coke, hard and brown coal it is necessary to clean regularly once a month the boiler walls inside the feeding hopper and also the smoke extension part (Fig. no.14).
- 3. After the heating season end or as needed (this is influenced by the quality of fuel, chimney draught and setting of boiler) it is necessary to clean up the boiler flue gas passage. It is necessary to screw off the cleaning covering with use of socket spanner with handle, with use of assembly spanner, to put out the partitions of the combustion space, to clean up the flue gas passages with pertinent cleaning tools. (Fig. no. 15). After cleaning up it is necessary to put back the partitions of the combustion space in such way in order the rear boiler part remained close and then to screw up the cleaning covering. Pull out the small ash pan (at 5-10 boiler sections also the rear air-rosette) and clean up the air ducts by inserting your hand with a wrench (see Fig. no. 15 item 4) into the inlet of tertiary air.
- 4. Provided settlement of tar agglomeration on the combustion space walls has been occurred in course of using fuels with greater gas formation we remove them with scraper or with burning out using hardwood (eventually coke) under the boiler putting into maximum working temperature at the open partition of the smoke adapter.
- 5. After the heating season ending it is necessary to clean the interconnection between the boiler smoke adapter and chimney and then to treat pivots of the flue gas flap with the carbon grease.



1 – Screw with the hexagon head M5 x 14 2 – Washer 5,3



 3 – Cleaning covering of the smoke extension piece
 4 – Insulation of the cleaning covering of the smoke extension part

Fig. no. 14 Cleaning of the smoke extension piece

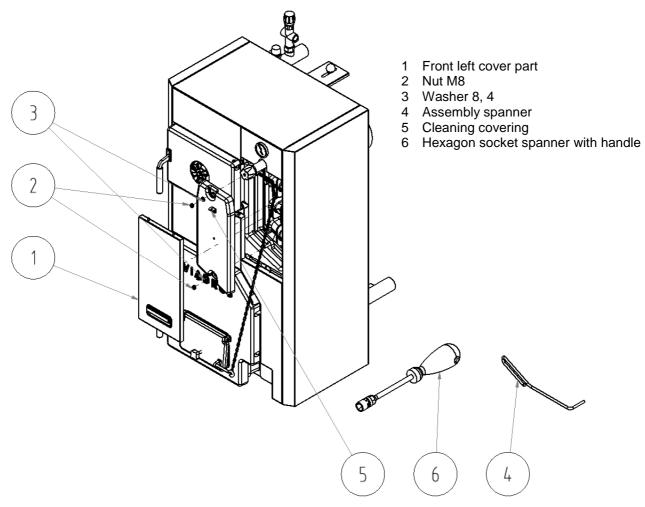


Fig. no. 15 Dismantling of the cleaning covering

3.3 IMPORTANT NOTICE

- 1. The boiler only can be used for the purpose that it is destined for.
- 2. The boiler can be operated only by adult persons acquainted with this operation manual. It is inadmissible to leave the children unattended by adults near the boiler. The boiler construction intervention, which can endanger the attendant's safety, eventually the housemate's safety, is inadmissible.
- 3. The boiler is not destined for the use by persons (incl. children) whose physical, sensual or mental disability or lack of experience and knowledge prevent them from a safe use of the appliance unless they are supervised or if they were not instructed on the use of appliance by a person responsible for their safety.
- 4. Children should be supervised in order to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.
- 5. If there occurs a danger or flammable vapours and gases development and penetration into the boiler room, or at works accompanied by the temporary development of the fire or explosion (gluing the floor covering, painting with combustible painting colours), the boiler must be duly closed down before the works start.
- 6. It is FORBIDDEN to use the flammable liquids for boiler firing.
- 7. It is FORBIDDEN to overheat the boiler during its operation. Fill the boiler under the lower edge of stoking door. Open the stoking door by use of plastic handle and half-open the ash door to smoke vent the smoke gases.
- 8. It is forbidden to put the flammable materials on the boiler or in its near distance.
- 9. When cleaning the ashes at boiler there must not be put any flammable materials within minimally 1500 mm distance from the boiler.
- 10. When operating the boiler at the temperature lower than 60 C the boiler drum can be bedewed, which means the low-temperature corrosion and reduction of boiler drum service life. Therefore

we recommend to operate the boiler at the temperature of 60 C and higher. Possible corrosion marks on boiler drum don't mean a defect and they don't affect the boiler function.

- 11. After the heating season termination it is necessary to clean the boiler, smoke-flues and smoke adapter properly. Spread the graphitic grease on swivel taps, smoke flap mechanism and on other flexible parts of boiler. Keep the boiler room clean and dry.
- 12. In case the heating system is not daily used in winter season, then the water from boiler must be drained.
- 13. It is necessary to install a safety valve for maximum overpressure of 400 kPa (4 bar) on the system and its dimension must correspond to the rated boiler output. The safety valve must be located directly behind the boiler. Any stop valve must not be located between the safety valve and boiler. If you have any questions, please contact our contractual assembly firm and service organizations.
- 14. In case of two way safety vent reaction, when there is a possibility of boiler having been filled with the water, which does not meet the ČSN 077401 requirements it is necessary to change the water in the heating system so that it meets the ČSN 077401 requirements again.
- 15. During assembly, installation and operation of the appliance it is necessary to comply with standards that apply in the relevant country of destination.

If you fail to meet these conditions you cannot requisite the guarantee repairs.

4. Instruction for product disposal after its service life

VIADRUS a.s. is a contracting partner of the firm EKO–KOM a.s. with the client number F00120649. The packages comply with EN 13427.

We recommend to dispose the packages in the following way:

- plastic foil, cardboard cover, use a salvage point
- metal strapping tape, use a salvage point
- wooden base, is designated for a single usage and no longer can be used as a product. Its disposal is subject to Act. 477/ 2001 Sb. a 185/2001 Coll.as amended.

Whereas the boiler is constructed from common materials, we recommend to dispose the individual parts as follows:

- the heat exchanger (grey cast-iron), use a junk
- distribution pipes, shells, use a junk.
- other metal parts, use a junk
- insulation material ROTAFLEX, through a firm engaged in waste collection and disposal.

In case that the product has lost its serviceability, you can use the back collection service (if this is introduced). If the originator has declared that it is the waste and it will be handled according to the legislative provisions valid in the particular country.

5. Guarantee and the liability for defects

VIADRUS a.s. provides the guarantee:

- For boilers 24 months after the boiler putting into operation, but maximum 30 months after the date it was dispatched from the manufacturing factory.
- For boiler drum 5 years after the date its dispatch from the manufacturing factory.

In case of possible complaint of boiler shell, the customer is obliged to sumit the packing label of the boiler shell. It is placed on the cardboard, in which the shell has been dispatched.

The user is obliged to entrust the commissioning to the professional assembly firm and a fault rectification to a contractual service accredited by the VIADRUS a. s., otherwise the guarantee for a boiler proper function does not apply. "VIADRUS HERCULES U 24 boiler quality and completeness certificate" serves after its filling as a "Guarantee certificate

A regular boiler maintenance must be done by its user.

Every notification of fault must be conveyed immediately after its detection, always in writing or via the telephonic advice.

If the above instructions are not observed, the guarantee provided by the manufacturer will not be recognized.

The manufacturer reserves the right to make modifications within the product innovations, that needn't be included in this manual.

The guarantee doesn't apply to:

- the faults caused by a wrong assembly (see chapter 2.5) or wrong product operation (see chapter 3.1) and faults cause y wrong maintenance (see chapter 3.2).
- Product damage arisen during the transport or other mechanical damage
- Faults cause by rought storage
- Faults and damage caused by failure to observe water quality in heating system see chap. no. 2.2 and 2.5 or by using the anti-freeze mixture
- Faults caused by the failure to observe the instructions stated in this manual.

Information for customer

Packaging identification

Assessment reference

PE Plastic sacks, folie, corrugated board, iron and plastic fix line

Identification of principal materials used. Paper, Polyethylene, iron, wood

Part 1: Summary of assessment

Standard/Report	Assessment requirement	Claim	Note
1.1 Prevention by source reduction		YES	
1.2 Heavy metals and	ensure below maximum permitted levels for components (CR 13695-1)	YES	
1.3 Other noxious/hazardous substances	ensure in compliance with (ČSN 77 0150-2, EN 13428)	YES	
2 Reuse	ensure reusability in all terms of the standard for the functional packaging unit (EN 13429)	NO	
3.1 Recovery by material recycling	ensure recyclability in all terms of the standard for the functional packaging unit (EN 13430)	YES	
3.2 Recovery in the form of energy	ensure that calorific gain is achievable for the functional packaging unit (EN 13431)	YES	Iron - NO
3.3 Recovery by composting	ensure compost ability in all terms of the standard for the functional packaging unit (EN 13432)	NO	

NOTE Conformity with EN 13427 requires affirmative responses to sections 1.1; 1.2; 1.3 and to at least one of 3.1; 3.2; 3.3. In addition, where a claim of reuse is made section 2 should also record affirmative responses.

Part 2: Statement of conformity

In the light of the assessment results recorded in part I above, this packaging is claimed to comply with the requirements of EN 13427.

Guarantee certificate and Quality and completeness certificate VIADRUS HERCULES U 24

Boiler serial numbe	er			Boiler output		
User (Surname, na	ame)					
Address (street, to	wn, postcode)				
Telephone/Fax						
Boiler complies wit EN 303-5	Heating boil	nts: ers – Part 5: Heating t output of up to 300 k				
was dispatche	months afte	arantee: r the boiler putting in anufacturing factory. er the date its dispatch				er the date it
Adjustment according to the operation and installation manual will be carried out by a contracting service organization. The guarantee certificate isn't valid without having been filled in.						
The user declares testing:	that: the boile	er adjusted by the qua	alified asse	mbly firm didn´i	t show out any fa	ult during the
•	"Operation a	nd installation manua	l" with prop	perly filled Gua	arantee certificate	e and Quality

• Has been acquainted with the boiler operation and maintenance

Date of production	Manufacturer´s stamp	Checked by (signature)
Installation date	Assembly firm (stamp, signature)	User´s signature
Boiler commissioning date	Contracting service organization (signature, stamp)	User´s signature

Annex to the guarantee certificate for customer- the user

Record of accomplished guarantee and post-guarantee repairs and regular product checks					
Record date	Carried out activity	Contracting service organization (stamp, signature)	Customer´s signature		

Guarantee certificate and Quality and completeness certificate VIADRUS HERCULES U 24

Boiler serial number		Boiler output	
User (Surname, name)			
Address (street, town, p	postcode)		
Telephone/Fax			
	quirements: ting boilers – Part 5: Heating boilers inal heat output of up to 300 kW – Te		
VIADRUS a.s. provide	s the guarantee:	ation but mavimu	m 20 months ofter the date it

- For boilers 24 months after the boiler putting into operation, but maximum 30 months after the date it was dispatched from the manufacturing factory.
- For boiler drum 5 years after the date its dispatch from the manufacturing factory.

Adjustment according to the operation and installation manual will be carried out by a contracting service organization.

The guarantee certificate isn't valid without having been filled in.

The user declares that: the boiler adjusted by the qualified assembly firm didn't show out any fault during the testing:

- Received the "Operation and installation manual" with properly filled Guarantee certificate and Quality certificate
- Has been acquainted with the boiler operation and maintenance

Date of production	Manufacturer's stamp	Checked by (signature)
Installation date	Assembly firm (stamp, signature)	User's signature
Boiler commissioning date	Contracting service organization (signature, stamp)	User´s signature

Guarantee certificate and Quality and completeness certificate VIADRUS HERCULES U 24

Boiler serial numbe	er			Boiler output		
User (Surname, na	ame)					
Address (street, to	wn, postcode)				
Telephone/Fax						
Boiler complies wit EN 303-5	Heating boil	nts: ers – Part 5: Heating b t output of up to 300 kV				
VIADRUS a.s. pro	-	iarantee:	operatio	n but maximur	n 30 months a	fter the date it

- For boilers 24 months after the boiler putting into operation, but maximum 30 months after the date it was dispatched from the manufacturing factory.
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- Has been acquainted with the boiler operation and maintenance

Date of production	Manufacturer´s stamp	Checked by (signature)
Installation date	Assembly firm (stamp, signature)	User´s signature
Boiler commissioning date	Contracting service organization (signature, stamp)	User´s signature

VIADRUS

VIADRUS a.s.

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